

OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

2022 Appropriations Bill Briefing Additional Notes on Vote 26: Military Veterans-

Parliamentary

Budget Office

Notes on Vote 26: Military Veterans

Vote purpose: Formulate policies and standards aimed at providing a comprehensive delivery system to military veterans and their dependants in recognition of their role in the democratisation of South Africa.

Mandate: The Department of Military Veterans derives its mandate from the Military Veterans Act (2011), which requires it to provide national policy and standards on socioeconomic support to military veterans and their dependants, including benefits and entitlements to help realise a dignified, unified, empowered and self-sufficient

Table 1 shows a core set of performance indicators developed by the Department of Military Veterans to deliver on its mandate.

| Indicator | Programme | MTSF priority | Audited performance | | | Estimated performance | MTEF targets | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 |
| Number of military veterans provided with newly built houses per year | Socioeconomic Support | Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government | 418 | 477 | 192 | 355 | 355 | 480 | 480 |
| Number of bursaries provided to military veterans and their dependants per year | Socioeconomic Support | Priority 3: Education, skills and health | 8 089 | 4 449 | 2 779 | 3 500 | 3 500 | 3 500 | 3 500 |
| Total number of military veterans with access to health care services | Socioeconomic Support | | 17 197 | 18 390 | 18 500 | 19 100 | 19 700 | 20 200 | 20 700 |
| Number of military veteran memorial sites facilitated per year | Empowerment and Stakeholder Management | Priority 6: Social cohesion and safer communities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Table 1: Performance indicators, actual performance and targets set for the medium term

Source: National Treasury, Estimates of National Expenditure

Table 2 shows the expenditure estimates between 2021/22 to 2024/25 per programme and economic classification. The table includes the average growth and proportions of the budget spent in terms of the economic classification over the previous medium term and over the 2022 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF).

The Department estimates to spend 55.2 per cent of its MTEF budget on programme 2: Socioeconomic support. The biggest proportion of the budget, amounting to 44.8 per cent is allocated for goods and services. The second largest proportion amounting to 30.9 per cent is allocated for transfers and subsidies to households.

Table 2: Expenditure Estimates

| | | | Average: | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|---------|------------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|--------------|
| | | Average | Expenditur | | | | Average | Average: |
| Programme | | growth | e/ | | | | growth | Expenditure/ |
| | Revised | rate | Total | Medium | -term exp | enditure | rate | Total |
| | estimate | (%) | (%) | | estimate | | (%) | (%) |
| R million | 2021/22 | 2018/19 | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2021/22 | - 2024/25 |
| 1. Administration | 132.9 | -0.2% | 26.5% | 133.3 | 134.2 | 140.4 | 1.8% | 20.6% |
| 2. Socioeconomic Support 30 | | -3.2% | 54.4% | 378.6 | 374.8 | 391.9 | 8.7% | 55.2% |
| 3. Empowerment and Stakeholder Mana 169 | | 2.6% | 19.0% | 154.4 | 154.0 | 160.5 | -1.8% | 24.3% |
| Total 607 | | -1.1% | 100.0% | 666.4 | 663.0 | 692.8 | 4.5% | 100.0% |
| Economic classification | | | | | | | | |
| Current payments | 375.8 | -0.9% | 67.6% | 436.9 | 437.1 | 456.1 | 6.7% | 64.9% |
| Compensation of employees | 129.9 | 2.0% | 24.6% | 129.8 | 130.7 | 136.6 | 1.7% | 20.0% |
| Goods and services | 245.9 | -2.3% | 43.0% | 307.2 | 306.4 | 319.5 | 9.1% | 44.8% |
| Transfers and subsidies | 189.0 | -6.9% | 29.8% | 209.2 | 203.4 | 212.4 | 4.0% | 31.0% |
| Foreign governments and international | - | - | 0.0% | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | — | 0.1% |
| organisations | | | | | | | | |
| Households | 189.0 | -6.9% | 29.8% | 208.6 | 202.8 | 211.8 | 3.9% | 30.9% |
| Payments for capital assets 4 | | 83.6% | 2.3% | 20.2 | 22.4 | 24.3 | -17.1% | 4.2% |
| Machinery and equipment | 41.6 | 111.7% | 2.3% | 9.2 | 9.0 | 9.7 | -38.5% | 2.6% |
| Heritage assets | - | - | 0.0% | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | _ | 0.0% |
| Software and other intangible assets | 1.0 | -25.5% | 0.1% | 10.9 | 13.4 | 14.5 | 141.2% | 1.5% |
| Total 607.4 | | -1.1% | 100.0% | 666.4 | 663.0 | 692.8 | 4.5% | 100.0% |

Source: National Treasury, Estimates of National Expenditure

Table 3 shows the expenditure estimates on goods and services between 2021/22 to 2024/25. The table includes the average expenditure of the budget per item over the previous medium term and over the 2022 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF).

The Department estimates to spend 33.4 per cent of its goods and services MTEF budget on contractors, followed by travel and subsistence, amounting to 15.5 per cent and training and development amounting to 9.5 per cent. The Department did not allocate funds for entertainment, but does plan to spend 1.3 per cent of the goods and services budget on catering over the 2022 MTEF.

Table 3: Expenditure on Goods and Services

| | Adjusted | Average: Expen- diture/ | | | | Average growth | • |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|------------|
| | appropria | - | | | enditure | - - | Total Vote |
| | tion | (%) | Medium-term expenditure estimate | | | (%) (% | |
| R million | 2021/22 | 2018/19-2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 | | 2021/22 - 2024/25 | |
| Administrative fees | 2.2 | 0.9% | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 3.4% | 0.8% |
| Advertising | 6.5 | 1.3% | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.7 | -4.4% | 2.0% |
| Minor assets | 3.7 | 0.5% | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | -6.1% | 1.0% |
| Audit costs: External | 6.2 | 2.7% | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 2.5% | 2.2% |
| Bursaries: Employees | 0.6 | 0.2% | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 3.4% | 0.2% |
| Catering: Departmental activities | 3.6 | 0.6% | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.6% | 1.3% |
| Communication | 11.8 | 2.8% | 12.5 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 3.4% | 4.2% |
| Computer services | 14.2 | 6.8% | 14.3 | 14.7 | 15.0 | 1.8% | 4.9% |
| Consultants: Business and | 10.7 | 1.7% | 13.3 | 13.0 | 13.2 | 7.3% | 4.3% |
| advisory services | | | | | | | |
| Legal services | 5.0 | 0.9% | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 3.4% | 1.8% |
| Contractors | 75.9 | 46.7% | 105.2 | 104.1 | 108.4 | 12.6% | 33.4% |
| Agency and support/outsourced | 3.3 | 1.3% | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 25.8% | 1.9% |
| services | | | | | | | |
| Entertainment | 0.0 | - | (0.5) | (0.6) | (0.6) | -629.8% | -0.1% |
| Fleet services (including | 2.5 | 0.8% | 2.4 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 9.2% | 1.0% |
| government motor transport) | | | | | | | |
| Consumable supplies | 4.6 | 0.7% | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 17.8% | 2.2% |
| Consumables: Stationery, printing | 6.9 | 1.4% | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.6 | 7.5% | 2.7% |
| and office supplies | | | | | | | |
| Operating leases | 12.0 | 8.3% | 10.8 | 11.4 | 13.1 | 3.0% | 4.0% |
| Rental and hiring | 1 | 0.2% | 1 | 1 | 1 | -20.2% | 0.3% |
| Property payments | 5.5 | 1.4% | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 17.5% | 2.7% |
| Travel and subsistence | 28.4 | 11.1% | 51.2 | 50.8 | 52.6 | 22.9% | 15.5% |
| Training and development | 26.7 | 7.6% | 28.5 | 28.0 | 29.1 | 2.9% | 9.5% |
| Operating payments | 0.6 | 0.1% | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | -28.6% | 0.1% |
| Venues and facilities | 13.9 | 2.0% | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11.9 | -5.1% | 4.1% |
| Total | 245.9 | 100.0% | 307.2 | 306.4 | 319.5 | 9.1% | 100.0% |

Source: National Treasury, Estimates of National Expenditure

Please do not hesitate to contact Dr N Orlandi for further clarity: norlandi@parliament.gov.za