

ALFRED NZO

DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL THE ALFRED NZO PERSPECTIVE

CLLR V. MHLELEMBANA EXECUTIVE MAYOR 16 SEPTEMBER 2022



INTRODUCTION

- The State President Mr Cyril Ramaphosa launched the District Development Model in the OR Tambo District Municipality in 2019. In his address, he stated that it was about time for government to break free from the silo mentality of functioning and introduced a new strategy called the District Development Model (DDM).
- The District Development Model (DDM) is an operational model for strengthening cooperative governance. It encapsulates a strategy in which the three realms of government and state agencies collaborate in an impact-oriented manner.
- The DDM calls for all levels of government to collaborate on district planning, based on a detailed, technically driven consultative process within government and with communities and stakeholders. Hence the Alfred Nzo District has developed the One Plan, as an overarching strategy to bring about growth and development in our district wide space.

PURPOSE



The purpose of the Alfred Nzo District Municipality DDM One Plan is:

- To give effect to the District Development Model (DDM) approved by Cabinet as a practical method to improve service delivery and development impact in the Alfred Nzo District space through integrated planning, budgeting, and delivery by all three spheres of government working together with stakeholders and communities.
- To express a **coherent and predictable government approach in relation to these key priorities** through a **Long-Term Strategic Framework (One Plan)** for growth and development of the Alfred Nzo District Municipality space that is co-produced by all three spheres of government together with stakeholders and communities.
- To create an **environment** which is conducive for **investment**.
- To stabilize g**overnance and financial management practices** in the Alfred Nzo District Municipality;

THE ONE PLAN



The Alfred Nzo District Municipality is based on the Theory of Change which postulates six transformations to move from the current problematic situation to a desired better future.

These six DDM Transformation Focal Areas are:

I. People Development and Demographics – the process of understanding the current population profile and development dynamics and by which a desired demographic profile and radical improvement in the quality of life of the people is achieved through skills development and the following 5 transformations discussed below (economic positioning, spatial restructuring and environmental sustainability, infrastructure engineering, housing and services provisioning, and governance and management).

2. Economic Positioning – the process by which a competitive edge is created that enables domestic and foreign investment attraction and job creation on the basis of an inclusive and transformed economy. The economic positioning informs the spatial restructuring and has to be sustained through protecting, nurturing and harnessing natural environment and resources.

3. Spatial Restructuring and Environmental Sustainability – the process by which a transformed, efficient and environmentally sustainable spatial development pattern and form is created to support a competitive local economy and integrated sustainable human settlements. Spatial restructuring informs infrastructure investment in terms of quantum as well as location and layout of infrastructure networks.

THE ONE PLAN



4. Infrastructure Engineering – the process by which infrastructure planning and investment especially bulk infrastructure installation occurs in order to support the transforming spatial pattern and form, meet the needs of a competitive and inclusive local economy and integrated human settlements, and ensure demand for housing and services is met in a sustainable way over the long-term.

5. Integrated Services Provisioning – the process by which integrated human settlement, municipal and community services are delivered in partnership with communities so as to transform spatial patterns and development for planned integrated sustainable human settlements with an integrated infrastructure network. This also requires holistic household level service delivery in the context of a social wage and improved jobs and livelihoods.

6. Governance and Management – the process by which leadership and management is exercised that planning, budgeting, procurement, delivery, financial and performance management takes place in an effective, efficient, accountable and transparent manner. It also includes spatial governance, that is, the process by which the spatial transformation goals are achieved through assessing and directing land development and undertaking effective land use management and release of municipal/public land.



DDM POLITICAL CHAMPIONS

- Both National and Provincial Political Champions were appointed by the Presidency to provide an oversight role for the implementation of the DDM in Alfred Nzo District.
- To promote transparency and accountability on the implementation of the DDM.
- To unlock any blockages that may impede the development of communities and/or delay in the implementation of the DDM.
- The guide stipulates that they should visit the District at least once in six months.
- At the District level, the Executive Mayor is the Political Champion for the DDM in the District
- The Local Municipalities Mayors are the chairpersons of the IGR/IDP Representative Forums.



DDM POLITICAL CHAMPIONS

The following table detail the names of the DDM Political Champions; this needs to be updated after establishment of Councils

Names	Level
I. Minister S. Ndabeni-Abrahams	National Political Champion
2. MEC F. Gade	Provincial Political Champion
3. Cllr Mhlelembana	District Political Champion
4. Cllr Sobuthongo	Local Political Champion
5. Cllr Mafumbatha	Local Political Champion
6. Cllr Mngenela	Local Political Champion
7. Cllr Ndevu	Local Political Champion



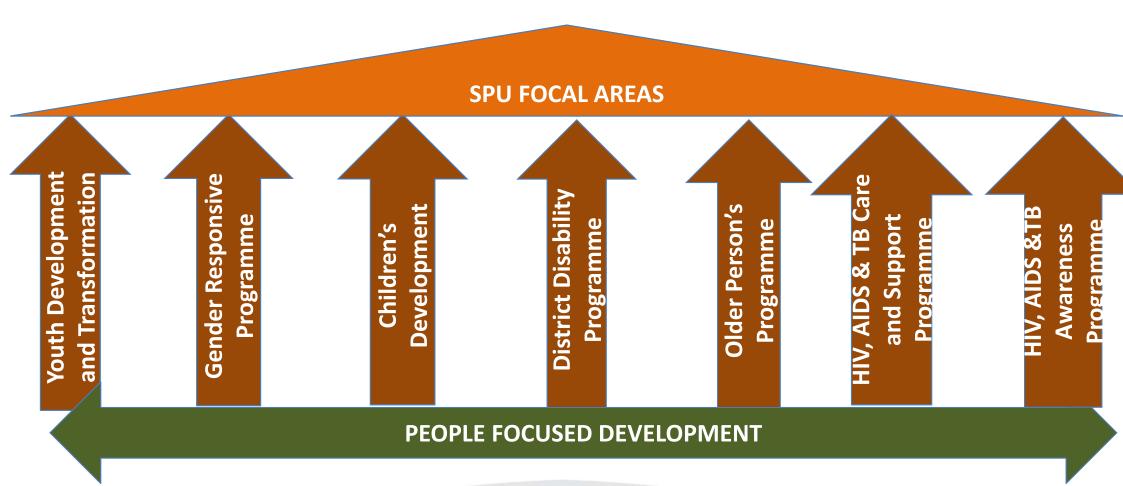
DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

Population	•	898 635
Youth Population	•	794 122 (0 – 35 years) 82%
Women	•	474 462
Men	•	404 172
HIV & AIDS	•	143 000 (Dec 2020 statistics)



STRATEGIC CONSIDERATIONS

Key focus areas for SPU in ANDM:





OUR ECONOMY TO DAY

- Our CORE socio-economic underdevelopment challenges are clearly deep-rooted and systemicrather than the result of a temporary downturn, (Economic Meltdown).
- Despite numerous efforts by government to fight the scourge of poverty, inequality and unemployment. **Poverty and inequality rates remain stubbornly on the high.**
- In the Last SOPA it was indicated by the Honourable EC Premier that there is extremely high level of deprivation in the rural east and north east mainly former "homelands" with majority of people living below the poverty line of R1,335 per person per month.

WHAT THIS IMPLIES TO US ALL

- This means that our response cannot just be a question of waiting for, or seeking to stimulate an upturn in growth along the same path- dependent direction as in the past.
- Change will not come about without some far reaching interventions.
- The time for Integrated Radical Economic Transformation / Interventions (IRET) is now.



INSTITUTIONALISATION OF GENDER RESPONSIVE BUDGETING AND IMPLEMENTATION

The purpose of the Alfred Nzo District Municipality's Gender responsive programme is:

- To create an enabling environment for the delivery of local government services to meet the specific gender needs of women and men as well as promote gender equality, both internal and external to the ANDM
- To provide training, raise awareness and build capacity internally and externally to the organisation aimed at the empowerment of women and promotion of Gender Equality
- To conduct gender research that will inform service delivery
- To the establishment of SPU strategy that deals with issues relating to Women's empowerment and Gender Equality
- To promote the process of women's advancement and empowerment
- To ensure that Gender Mainstreaming across all government departments through the DDM
- That gender responsiveness must always form part of ANDM's IDP & Employment Equity and objectives.

Gender Responsive Programme 2022/23 FY

• Men in Partnership against GBVF

• National Women's month

DISCTRICT MUNICIPALITY

- Men in Partnership against HIV&AIDS
- Dialogues on GBV in partnership with Traditional authorities
- Women owned business support programme
- Gender empowerment programme



GENDER BASED VIOLENCE & FEMICIDE

The District has established a GBVF response team that is comprised of the following stakeholders:

- SAPS
- Department of Social Development
- South African Social Security Agency (SASSA)
- Department of Basic Education
- Department of Home Affairs
- Traditional Leaders
- Men's Forum
- The District Municipality and its Local Municipalities

All interventions undertaken are decided by this response team.

Cases differ therefore interventions are determined by merits of each case.



ENGENDERING THE DDM, IDP & LED

Alfred Nzo's approach to DDM is coordination of government response to challenges of poverty, unemployment and inequality particularly amongst women, youth and people living with disabilities.

A concerted effort to the challenges that are facing the district can be achieved through collaborated response by all stakeholders to play active role in reversing the scourge of poverty, unemployment and inequality.

Pillar number one of the DDM deals with **People Development and Demographics.**

This entails a process of understanding the current population profile and development dynamics and by which a desired demographic profile and radical improvement in the quality of life of the people is achieved through skills development, economic positioning, spatial restructuring and environmental sustainability, infrastructure engineering, housing and services provisioning, and governance and management).

Ensure inclusivity by gender budgeting based on the needs and aspirations of our people and communities at a local level.



ENGENDERING THE DDM

In engendering the DDM, the district has an overarching Goal on People development as follows:

• By 2050 we envisage a society with no abject poverty, no hunger, improved standards of living, and where conditions enable all to fulfil their human potential. Collaborative innovative approaches to child, youth and women and community development abound.

The district further set targets in relation to the goal as follows:

- I. Increase learning opportunities by 15% by 2030 and 25% by 2050.
- 2. Increase employment opportunities by 25% and lower unemployment by 25% (either/or) by 2030.
- 3. Increase household income by 20% by 2030 and by 30% by 2050
- 4. Decrease incidents of gender-based violence by 30% by 2023
- 5. All LMs and the district have well established and active forums and networks available to challenge GBV by 2022.
- 6. All LMs and the district are using a uniform communication mechanism that is monitored and measured against its efficacy and success rate through yearly customer satisfaction surveys and biyearly good governance surveys starting in 2022. This system should also have an inbuilt internal management system to ensure accountability and responsiveness



ENGENDERING THE DDM

On the pillar of economic positioning, the district has set targets as follows:

- I. The IGR structures to be fully functional by end 2023
- 2. The business and investment incentive scheme is developed and communicated by the end of 2023.
- 3. Create conditions that are conducive for investment and to attract investors for job opportunities and other economic development by 2025
- 4. Investment increases by 20% by 2030 and by 50% by 2050
- 5. All local and district business forums are inclusive and actively engaged in local development initiatives by the end of 2022.
- 6. Rejuvenation of tourism Attractions and heritage destinations by 2030.
- 7. There is increase in the work allocated to SMMEs by 50% by end 2030.
- 8. There is increase in commercial farming practices by 35% by 2030.
- 9. The informal sector has grown by 25% by 2030 and by 35% by 2050.

The district has to ensure inclusive participation of women and youth in the economic opportunities within the district.



WHERE ARE WE & WAY FORWARD

- I. The District Development Plan was developed and adopted by Council in August 2022
- II. The development of the IDP has been aligned to both the District Development Model and the District Development Plan aspirations of Alfred Nzo.
- III. The district has structures in place to enhance advocacy and mainstreaming of gender issues in the developmental programme of government.



THANK YOU