

WOMEN'S CHARTER REVIEW SESSION- Western Cape Province Cape Winelands, Central Karoo and Eden District

Financial and Fiscal Commission

26 February 2021

For an Equitable Sharing of National Revenue

ROLE AND FUNCTION OF THE FFC

- The Financial and Fiscal Commission (FFC)
 - Is an independent, permanent, statutory institution established in terms of Section 220 of Constitution
 - Must function in terms of the FFC Act
- Mandate of Commission
 - To make recommendations, envisaged in Chapter 13 of the Constitution or in national legislation to Parliament, Provincial Legislatures, and any other organ of state determined by national legislation
- The Commission's focus is primarily on the equitable division of nationally collected revenue among the three spheres of government and any other financial and fiscal matters
 - Legislative provisions or executive decisions that affect either provincial or local government from a financial and/or fiscal perspective
 - Includes regulations associated with legislation that may amend or extend such legislation



Commission must be consulted in terms of the FFC Act

- One avenue that should receive greater emphasis to gender budgeting is the intergovernmental fiscal relations (IGFR)system
 - A successful IGFR system would be sensitive to the needs of women and contribute to moving them out of poverty. Innovations in policy design and implementation are required to ensure gender-sensitive resource allocation
- Objective
 - □ To assess the gender responsiveness of municipal budgeting processes
- Study followed a two-pronged approach
 - Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) of 30 randomly selected municipalities were reviewed
 - Case studies covering seven municipalities across four provinces: Gauteng, Western Cape, Eastern Cape and Free State



 Particular focus on four sectors: local economic development, water and sanitation, early childhood development and housing infrastructure

Findings: Results From IDP Scans

- Lack of Gender Mainstreaming and Women Empowerment as an approach
- Lack of gender disaggregated data
- Equity versus mainstreaming for gender equality: More about numbers
- Weak translation of gender equality commitments into fiscal commitments: IDPs show little evidence of the manner in which the IDP planning processes and budget offices have budgeted for gender mainstreaming

Findings: Results from Case Studies

- Poor translation of the National Agenda on Women Empowerment and Gender Equality into Local Government programmes
- Inadequate sex disaggregated data
- Gender discourse is events driven

AND FISCAL

- Lack of gender budgeting training and capacity building of decision makers
- Poor Institutionalising of gender responsive budgeting
- Absence of analysis of the gender impact of existing revenues and expenditures

Findings: Reasons for Limited Gender Mainstreaming and Gender Budgeting in Local Government

- Absence of an approved gender policy across all municipalities
- Absence of a municipal gender mainstreaming strategy
- Personnel in management (who make decisions) and budget officers (who track expenditure) have limited knowledge of gender mainstreaming
- Gender equality indicators and the collection of gender disaggregated information is limited

AND EISCAL

FFC RECOMMENDATIONS ON GENDER BUDGETING

FFC Recommendations

Government Response

Status

The national and provincial governments should:

- Run gender budgeting pilots in a few that the collection and allocation indicators on GRB in municipalities first and evaluate results of before wider application. These pilots effectively carried could be linked to ensuring gender contributes to advancing gender disaggregated data for key conditional equality grants as part of the grant framework in empowerment. It will provide the Division of Revenue Act
- municipal Ensure integrated development plans institutionalise gender planning by sector (e.g. water and sanitation, local economic development etc.) and include gender disaggregated expenditures and performance indicators and gender budgeting good practice policies to benefit all groups provide guides and toolkits
- Provide guidelines for collecting sexdisaggregated data for budgeting processes and ensure that municipalities have the capacity to analyse budgets from a gender perspective

Government supports proposals, which will help ensure on budgets and has public resources out and and women's tools to assess the different needs and contributions of men, women, boys and girls within existing revenues. allocations. targets; and will call for adjusted budget

the DW is engaging NT is its strategic plan

FFC RECOMMENDATIONS ON GENDER BUDGETING

Government Response	Status
Gender-responsive budget analysis, along with egislation and other practical policy measures, can address gender bias and discrimination It is a step towards increased accountability and public transparency, and it can shift economic policies leading to gains across society. However, the proposals' mplementation may be hindered by capacity constraints in municipalities	No record of any progress on this recommendation
	Response Sender-responsive budget nalysis, along with egislation and other practical olicy measures, can ddress gender bias and iscrimination t is a step towards increased ccountability and public ansparency, and it can shift conomic policies leading to ains across society. lowever, the proposals' mplementation may be indered by capacity

